Homework 5 Ma623 Stochastic Processes due Tuesday April 21 2009

For this assignment please solve the following problems age 73 (ch 2) problem 1 and page 108 (ch 3) problem 2.

(1) Prove that if $X = \{X_n\}_{n=0}^{\infty}$ is a discrete time Markov chain with on the state space S, with initial distribution π_0 and and transition matrix $P = (P_{i,j})$ such that

$$\mathbf{P}(X_0 = i_0, \dots, X_n = i_n) = \pi_0(i_0) \prod_{k=0}^{n-1} P_{i_k, i_{k+1}},$$

then the Markov property is true, i.e.:

$$\mathbf{P}(X_{n+1} = i_{n+1} | X_0 = i_0, \dots, X_n = i_n) = \mathbf{P}(X_{n+1} = i_{n+1} | X_n = i_n) = P_{i_n, i_{n+1}}$$

- (2) Show that if $P^{(n)}$ is the *n*-step transition matrix then $P^{(n)} = P^n$ the *n*-th power of the 1-step transition matrix.
- (3) Suppose X is a Markov Chain with transition matrix: $P = \begin{pmatrix} p & 1-p \\ 1-q & q \end{pmatrix}$. Show that $Y_n = (X_n, X_{n+1})$ is also a Markov chain. Find its transition probability and the stationary distribution (if it exists).
- (4) Consider the Markov Chain on $S = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$ described by:

$$\mathbf{P} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1/2 & 0 & 1/2 \\ 1/4 & 0 & 3/4 & 0 \\ 0 & 1/3 & 0 & 2/3 \\ 1/2 & 0 & 1/2 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

a) Determine which states are recurrent and which are transient.

- b) Determine the period of each state.
- c) If it exists, calculate the stationary distribution of the Markov chain.
- (5) Given a Markov Chain on state space $S = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8\}$, with transition matrix:

	(0.1	0	0.3	0	0.6	0	0	0 \
$\mathbf{P} =$	0.4	0.2	0.1	0.3	0	0	0	$\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$
	0	0.1	0.3	0	0	0.4	0.2	0
	0	0	0	0.2	0	0.8	0	0
	0	0	0	0.9	0.1	0	0	0
	0							0
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.3	$\left. \begin{array}{c} 0.7\\ 0.5 \end{array} \right)$
	0 /	0	0	0	0	0	0.5	0.5 /

- a) Determine which states are positive recurrent, null recurrent, transient.
- b) Rearange the matrix so that the recurrent classes are at the beginning and the transient states are all at the end.
- c) Given that $X_0 = 1$ calculate the expected number of jumps to transient states before jumping into a recurrent state.
- d) Starting at 2 find the probability that the first jump to a recurrent state is to state 7.
- e) Calculate the probability that starting at state 3 you eventually reach state 4.
- (6) (SIMULATION PROBLEM). There are many theoretical results for Markov Chains, however in many cases simulation is the most expedient way to study them.

Suppose there are n people on a Stevens committee discussing the heating issue in the Kidde building. Assume that every time one speaker finishes, one of the other n-1 speakers are equally likely to continue the debate. Further, assume that each person speaks an exponential amount of time with parameter λ . How long does it take on average for all the members of the committee to take part in the discussion? Use your choice of λ and n to calculate a numerical answer for this problem. Try to vary the parameters λ and n and see how the answer changes. Does it make sense?