

Name: _____

Lecture Section ____

Ma 221

Exam IIIA

14S

You may not use a calculator, cell phone, or computer while taking this exam. All work must be shown to obtain full credit. Credit will not be given for work not reasonably supported. When you finish, be sure to sign the pledge.

Score on Problem #1a _____

#1b _____

#2a _____

#2b _____

#3 _____

#4 _____

Total Score _____

I pledge my honor that I have abided by the Stevens Honor System.

Note: A table of Laplace Transforms is given at the end of the exam.

Name: _____

Lecture Section ____

1a (10 pts.) Use the definition of the Laplace transform to determine the Laplace transform of $f(t) = e^{at}$, where a is a constant. $\mathcal{L}\{e^{at}\}$.

Name: _____

Lecture Section ____

1b (15 pts.) Determine

$$\mathcal{L}^{-1} \left\{ \frac{3s+2}{s^2+2s+10} \right\}$$

Name: _____

Lecture Section ____

2a (15 pts.) Consider the initial value problem

$$y'' + y = \sin 2t \quad y(0) = 2 \quad y'(0) = 1$$

Let $Y(s) = \mathcal{L}\{y\}(s)$. Use Laplace transforms to show that

$$Y(s) = \frac{2}{(s^2 + 4)(s^2 + 1)} + \frac{2s}{s^2 + 1} + \frac{1}{s^2 + 1}$$

2b (15 pts.) Find the solution to the initial problem above, namely,

$$y'' + y = \sin 2t \quad y(0) = 2 \quad y'(0) = 1$$

by finding

$$y(t) = \mathcal{L}^{-1}\{Y(s)\} = \mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{2}{(s^2 + 4)(s^2 + 1)} + \frac{2s}{s^2 + 1} + \frac{1}{s^2 + 1}\right\}$$

Name: _____

Lecture Section ____

3 (25 pts.) Find the first 5 nonzero terms of the power series solution about $x = 0$ for the DE:

$$y'' + 4xy' - 4y = 0$$

Be sure to give the recurrence relation.

Name: _____

Lecture Section ____

4 (25 pts.) Consider the boundary value problem

$$x^2 y'' + 3xy' + \lambda y = 0 \quad y(1) = y(2) = 0.$$

Assuming the solution is of the form $y = x^m$ leads to

$$m = -1 \pm \sqrt{1 - \lambda}.$$

Consider only the case $1 - \lambda < 0$. Find the eigenvalues (λ) and the corresponding eigenfunctions for the boundary value problem for this case.

Table of Laplace Transforms

$f(t)$	$F(s) = \mathcal{L}\{f\}(s) = \hat{f}(s)$		
$\frac{t^{n-1}}{(n-1)!}$	$\frac{1}{s^n}$	$n \geq 1$	$s > 0$
e^{at}	$\frac{1}{s-a}$		$s > a$
$\sin bt$	$\frac{b}{s^2 + b^2}$		$s > 0$
$\cos bt$	$\frac{s}{s^2 + b^2}$		$s > 0$
$e^{at}f(t)$	$\mathcal{L}\{f\}(s-a)$		
$t^n f(t)$	$(-1)^n \frac{d^n}{ds^n}(\mathcal{L}\{f\}(s))$		