

Name: _____

Lecture Section ____

Ma 221

Exam IIIB

14F

You may not use a calculator, cell phone, or computer while taking this exam. All work must be shown to obtain full credit. Credit will not be given for work not reasonably supported. When you finish, be sure to sign the pledge.

Score on Problem #1a _____

#1b _____

#2a _____

#2b _____

#3 _____

#4 _____

Total Score _____

I pledge my honor that I have abided by the Stevens Honor System.

Note: A table of Laplace Transforms is given at the end of the exam.

Name: _____

Lecture Section ____

1a (10 pts.)

$$f(t) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } 0 \leq t < 3 \\ 5 & \text{if } 3 \leq t \leq 7 \\ 0 & \text{if } 7 < t \end{cases}$$

Use the definition of the Laplace transform to determine the Laplace transform of $f(t)$.

Name: _____

Lecture Section ____

1b (15 pts.) Determine

$$\mathcal{L}^{-1} \left\{ \frac{5s + 7}{s^2 + 4s + 13} \right\}$$

Name: _____

Lecture Section ____

2a (15 pts.) Consider the initial value problem

$$y'' + 2y' + y = 18e^{2t} \quad y(0) = 6 \quad y'(0) = -4$$

Let $Y(s) = \mathcal{L}\{y\}(s)$. Use Laplace transforms to show that

$$Y(s) = \frac{18}{(s-2)(s+1)^2} + \frac{6s}{(s+1)^2} + \frac{8}{(s+1)^2}$$

Name: _____ Lecure Section ____

2b (15 pts.) Find the solution to the initial problem above, namely,

$$y'' + 2y' + y = 18e^{2t} \quad y(0) = 6 \quad y'(0) = -4$$

by finding

$$y(t) = \mathcal{L}^{-1}\{Y(s)\} = \mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{18}{(s-2)(s+1)^2} + \frac{6s}{(s+1)^2} + \frac{8}{(s+1)^2}\right\}$$

Name: _____ Lecure Section ____

3 (25 pts.) Find the first 5 nonzero terms of the power series solution about $x = 0$ for the DE:

$$y'' - 3xy' = 0$$

Be sure to give the recurrence relation.

Name: _____

Lecture Section ____

4 (25 pts.) Find all eigenvalues (λ) and the corresponding eigenfunctions for the boundary value problem

$$y'' - 2y + \lambda y = 0 \quad y(0) = y'(3) = 0$$

Be sure to consider all values of λ .

Name: _____

Lecture Section ____

Table of Laplace Transforms

$f(t)$	$F(s) = \mathcal{L}\{f\}(s) = \hat{f}(s)$		
$\frac{t^{n-1}}{(n-1)!}$	$\frac{1}{s^n}$	$n \geq 1$	$s > 0$
e^{at}	$\frac{1}{s-a}$		$s > a$
$\sin bt$	$\frac{b}{s^2 + b^2}$		$s > 0$
$\cos bt$	$\frac{s}{s^2 + b^2}$		$s > 0$
$e^{at}f(t)$	$\mathcal{L}\{f\}(s-a)$		
$t^n f(t)$	$(-1)^n \frac{d^n}{ds^n} (\mathcal{L}\{f\}(s))$		