

## Ma 635. Real Analysis I. Hw5, due 10/05.

**HW 5** (due 10/05):

1. [1] p. 92 # 9
2. [1] p. 110 # 12
3. [1] p. 110 # 14
4. [1] p. 110 # 17
5. [1] p. 110 # 18
6. [1] p. 111 # 23
7. [1] p. 114 # 34
8. [1] p. 114 # 35
9. [1] p. 114 # 36

**10** [Kolmogorov, p. 81, # 4] Show that  $E = \{1/n : n \text{ a positive integer} \}$  is not compact in  $\mathbf{R}$  but  $E \cup \{0\}$  is compact.

**11** [Kolmogorov, p. 81, # 7] Prove that every finite subset of a metric space is compact.

**12** [Kolmogorov, p. 81, # 6] Show that a discrete metric space  $X$  is not compact unless  $X$  is finite.

**13** [Kolmogorov, p. 81, # 9] If  $X$  is compact prove that  $C(X, \mathbf{R})$  is a complete metric space.

**14** [Kolmogorov, p. 81, # 10] Is  $C[0, 1]$  compact?

**15.** [Kolmogorov, p. 84, # 4] Prove that any compact metric space has a dense countable subset.

**16.** [Haaser, p. 115, # 5] Let  $X$  be a metric compactum and  $A : X \mapsto X$  such that  $d(Ax, Ay) < d(x, y)$  if  $x \neq y$ . Prove that  $A$  has a unique fixed point.

**17.** Prove that a uniformly bounded set of functions in  $C[a, b]$ , which satisfy the Lipschitz condition with the same common constant, is compact in  $C[a, b]$ .  
 $x(t)$  satisfies the Lipschitz condition with constant  $L$  if  $\forall t, s : |x(t) - x(s)| \leq C|t - s|$ .

**18.** Determine whether the following sets in  $C[0, 1]$  are relatively compact:

- (a)  $x_n(t) = \sin(nt)$
- (b)  $x_n(t) = \sin(t + n)$
- (c)  $x_\alpha(t) = \arctan(\alpha t)$ ,  $\alpha \in \mathbf{R}$
- (d)  $x_\alpha(t) = e^{t-\alpha}$ ,  $\alpha \in \mathbf{R}$ ,  $\alpha \geq 0$ .

**Bonus 2:** Prove that the condition  $d(f(x), f(y)) < d(x, y)$ ,  $x \neq y$ , is insufficient for the existence of a fixed point of function  $f$ .

**Bonus 3;** [1] p. 111 # 24.

## References

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- [3] Haaser, N.B., and Sullivan, J.A., *Real Analysis*. Dover, 1991.  
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- [5] Folland, G.B., *Real Analysis*. Wiley, 1984.
- [6] Reed, M. and Simon, B., *Methods of Modern Mathematical Physics. 1. Functional Analysis*.  
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